



Inspection Report

DANIEL SCHLABACH

Customer ID: 33729

Certificate: 31-A-0262

Site: 001

DANIEL SCHLABACH

30248 TR 213

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

FRESNO, OH 43824

Date: May-18-2010

2.40 (b) (3) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

(b) Each dealer or exhibitor shall establish and maintain programs of adequate veterinary care that include:

(3) Daily observation of all animals to assess their health and well-being; Provided, however, That daily observation of animals may be accomplished by someone other than the attending veterinarian; and Provided, further, That a mechanism of direct and frequent communication is required so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior, and well-being is conveyed to the attending veterinarian.

*** A white male French Bulldog (tag #781) was found with a swollen area between the second and third toe on the front right foot. The dog was bearing weight normally and did not appear to be painful. This dog must be examined by the attending veterinarian to determine any required treatment for this dog. The licensee must follow and document any required treatment from the attending veterinarian.

*** A male cream poodle (tag #933) was found with excessive tartar build-up on both sides of the upper teeth. The dog was acting normally and had a normal body condition. The attending veterinarian must examine this dog to determine any needed treatment. The licensee must follow and document all recommended treatment.

*** These dogs must be seen by the attending veterinarian by COB on May 25th.

THIS IS A REPEAT NON-COMPLIANT ITEM

3.4 (b)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

(b) Shelter from the elements. In addition to the shelter structures, one or more separate outside areas of shade must be provided, large enough to contain all the animals at one time and protect them from the direct rays of the sun.

*** 51 adult dogs are being housed in outdoor runs without shelter from the sun. These dogs all have adequate shelter but do not have additional shade areas to protect them from the direct rays of the sun. The licensee must

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provide these dogs with shade to ensure their comfort and protect them from the sun.

Correct by: 25 MAY 2010

3.4 (b)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

(b) Shelter from the elements. Shelters in outdoor facilities for dogs or cats must contain a roof, four sides, and a floor, and must:

{3} Be provided with a wind break and rain break at the entrance.

*** Five of the outdoor enclosures housing adult dogs have shelters that do not have windbreaks. These windbreaks are required to ensure the dogs can take from the wind and rain. The licensee must provide windbreaks to the dog to ensure their comfort and well-being.

Correct by: 15 JUN 2010

*** Inspection and exit interview conducted with the owner.

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2.40 (b) (3)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

(3) Daily observation of all animals to assess their health and well-being; Provided, however, That daily observation of animals may be accomplished by someone other than the attending veterinarian; and Provided, further, That a mechanism of direct and frequent communication is required so that timely and accurate information on problems of animal health, behavior, and well-being is conveyed to the attending veterinarian.

"* At least five adult dogs were found with excessively long nails that need to be trimmed. These long nails are a potential hazard to the dogs should they get caught in the coated metal wire flooring. The licensee stated that half of the facility's dogs have been trimmed recently and they are in the process of going through the other half. All dogs need to have their nails evaluated and trimmed as needed to avoid potential injury. Correct this by maintaining all dogs' nails.

Correct by: 07 JUN 09

3.1 (c) (2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(2) Maintenance and replacement of surfaces. All surfaces must be maintained on a regular basis. Surfaces of housing facilities—including houses, dens, and other furniture-type fixtures and objects within the facility—that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized, must be replaced when worn or soiled.

*** Many of the entries to the whelping boxes have been chewed and scratched by the dogs. These areas now have dirt and debris embedded in the chew marks which is impossible to clean and sanitize. These areas need to be replaced or repaired to allow these surfaces to be properly cleaned and sanitized. This is required to reduce disease hazards to the dogs. This is especially important to the puppies in the nursery.

Correct by: 07 AUG 09

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3.6 (a) (2) (ii)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

(a) General requirements. (1) Primary enclosures must be designed and constructed of suitable materials so that they are structurally sound. The primary enclosures must be kept in good repair.

(2) Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they:

(i) Have no sharp points or edges that could injure the dogs and cats;

(ii) Protect the dogs and cats from injury.

*** Two primary enclosures in the front of the shop area have flooring that is broken or loose from the structural supports. This loose flooring are potential areas of injury to the dogs in those enclosures. These areas need to be replaced or repaired to avoid injury to the dogs.

Correct by: 14 MAY 09

3.11

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

(c) Housekeeping for premises. Premises where housing facilities are located, including buildings and surrounding grounds, must be kept clean and in good repair to protect the animals from injury, to facilitate the husbandry practices required in this subpart, and to reduce or eliminate breeding and living areas for rodents and other pests and vermin. Premises must be kept free of accumulations of trash, junk, waste products, and discarded matter.

*** Several areas in this facility are in need of cleaning. This includes the entry area of the lower barn where there are various items being stored including old caging materials and scrap building materials. The front shop area also needs to have all unused materials removed and this area cleaned and maintained in a sanitary manner. These areas, although not in contact with the dogs, must be kept neat and clean to facilitate normal husbandry practices and to allow for the monitoring of pests. Correct this by keeping all areas of the facility in a clean and neat condition.

Correct by: 07 JUN 09

*** Inspection and exit interview conducted with the owner.

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3.1 (c) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(3) Cleaning. Hard surfaces with which the dogs or cats come in contact must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized in accordance with Sec. 3.11(b) of this subpart to prevent accumulation of excreta and reduce disease hazards. Floors made of dirt, absorbent bedding, sand, gravel, grass, or other similar material must be raked or spot-cleaned with sufficient frequency to ensure all animals the freedom to avoid contact with excreta. Contaminated material must be replaced whenever this raking and spot-cleaning is not sufficient to prevent or eliminate odors, insects, pests, or vermin infestation. All other surfaces of housing facilities must be cleaned and sanitized when necessary to satisfy generally accepted husbandry standards and practices. Sanitization may be done using any of the methods provided in Sec. 3.11(b)(3) for primary enclosures.

*** At least two of the enclosures in the sheltered kennel on the hill have walls that are dirty. These walls are made of solid plastic that are smeared with dirt and feces from the dogs' feet. These surfaces must be cleaned to reduce potential disease hazards and to allow the dogs to remain clean. Correct this by cleaning these surfaces.

Correct by: 08 FEB 08

3.3 (b)

SHELTERED HOUSING FACILITIES.

(b) Ventilation. The enclosed or sheltered part of sheltered housing facilities for dogs and cats must be sufficiently ventilated when dogs or cats are present to provide for their health and well-being, and to minimize odors, drafts, ammonia levels, and moisture condensation. Ventilation must be provided by windows, doors, vents, fans, or air conditioning.

*** There is an ammonia smell when entering the whelping kennel. The kennel is not overly dirty but the smell of ammonia is noticeable on entry. This odor can lead to poor air quality which can be dangerous to the dogs in the

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kennel, especially the puppies. Additional ventilation must be provided to this area. There are ceiling vents on the roof of the facility and windows. There must be enough ventilation even on cold days such as today to ensure good air quality for the dogs. Correct this by providing additional ventilation.

Correct by: 08 FEB 08

3.4 (b) (4)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

(b) Shelter from the elements. Outdoor facilities for dogs or cats must include one or more shelter structures that are accessible to each animal in each outdoor facility, and that are large enough to allow each animal in the shelter structure to sit, stand, and lie in a normal manner, and to turn about freely. In addition to the shelter structures, one or more separate outside areas of shade must be provided, large enough to contain all the animals at one time and protect them from the direct rays of the sun. Shelters in outdoor facilities for dogs or cats must contain a roof, four sides, and a floor, and must:

(4) Contain clean, dry, bedding material if the ambient temperature is below 50 deg. F (10 deg. C). Additional clean, dry bedding is required when the temperature is 35 deg. F (1.7 deg. C) or lower.

*** 14 adult dogs housed outdoor have little to no bedding in their shelters. These dogs are housed in fenced areas with one shelter box for several dogs. The shelters are large enough for all dogs but require bedding to be added to ensure the comfort of the animals in cold weather. The temperature today is approximately 35 degrees F. Correct this by supplying bedding to these dogs such as straw to allow them to bed down for warmth.

Correct by: 08 FEB 08

3.9 (b)

FEEDING.

(b) Food receptacles must be used for dogs and cats, must be readily accessible to all dogs and cats, and must be located so as to minimize contamination by excreta and pests, and be protected from rain and snow. Feeding pans must either be made of a durable material that can be easily cleaned and sanitized or be disposable. If the food receptacles are not disposable, they must be kept clean and must be sanitized in accordance with Sec. 3.11(b) of this subpart. Sanitization is achieved by using one of the methods described in Sec. 3.11(b)(3) of this subpart. If the food receptacles are disposable, they must be discarded after one use. Self-feeders may be used for the feeding of dry food. If self-feeders are used, they must be kept clean and must be sanitized in accordance with Sec. 3.11(b) of this subpart. Measures must be taken to ensure that there is no molding, deterioration, and caking of feed.

*** Several self-feeders for the dogs in the barn are dirty. These self-feeders are metal with flapping door that open

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when the dogs push their heads in to eat. The doors of these feeders are caked with old food and dirt from the dogs' faces. These feeders must be cleaned to ensure a safe food supply for the dogs. Correct this by cleaning and maintaining these feeders.

Correct by: 15 FEB 08

*** Inspection conducted with owner's wife. Exit interview conducted with the owner.

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